

LAMMERT BROS.AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.**Public Auctions**

THE Undersigned have received instructions from MADAME LILY to sell by Public Auction on

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, AND THURSDAY,

the 25th, 26th and 27th August, commencing each day at 11 a.m. with an interval from 1 to 2 p.m. at "Madame Lily's" Shop, Alexandra Building.

THE WHOLE OF HER VALUABLE STOCK IN TRADE, SHOP FURNITURE & FITTINGS.

Comprising:

Evening Dresses, Coloured and Fancy Silk, Silk Crepe, Charmeuse Satin, Chenille Chiffon, Fancy Lillian, Velvet, Organdie, Georgette, Voile, Dress Trimmings, Wide and Narrow Ribbons of various descriptions, Fur and Feather Trimmings, Braids, Laces, Fringers, Embroideries, Insetions, Face Veils, Silk Gloves, Flowers, for Evening Dresses, Hair Ornaments, Neck Beads, Buckles, Fasteners, Beltings, Buttons of various descriptions, Coloured Silk and Beaded Trimmings, Tassels and Girdles, Coloured Sewing Silk, Net and Organdie Frillings, Coloured Silk and Cotton Nets, Hats Trimmings, etc., etc.

also

Show Cases, Brass and Glass Perfume Case, Mirrors, Wax Figures, Stands for Dresses, Ceiling and Tinsel Flowers, Silk and Velvet Table Fans, Brass Rods, Curtains, Valuable Shop Furnitures, Ceiling and Table Lamps, Large and Small Tin Boxes, Mezzanine Floors, etc., etc.

and Hemstitching Machines and Saws.

One Accordion Pleating Machine 1½ yard wide.

Catalogues will be issued. On view from Sunday, the 23rd August, 1925.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers, Hongkong, 17th August, 1925.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

TUESDAY, the 25th August, 1925, Commencing at 10 a.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell St. (For Account of the Concerned.)

1 Case Blankets,
1 Case Cotton Fancy,
1 Case Madapolum,
2 Cases Webbing Belts.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers, Hongkong, 19th August, 1925.

FRIGHTENING IN THE NIGHT. A cry in the night, gripping pains in the vitals, cramps, weakening diarrhoea; whether child or adult, there is immediate comfort and ease from pain in Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy. It pays to keep it always on hand. For sale everywhere.

FOR SALE.
STANLEY GIBBONS' MONTHLY JOURNAL
for June and July 1925
with Full Gibson Catalogue Supplements and Alterations to Catalogue Prices at 15 cents per copy

GRACA & CO.
Dealers in Philatelic Goods, Garden Seeds, Post Cards, Toys, &c.
No. 10, Wyndham Street, P.O. Box 620 Hongkong

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to announce to their customers that they are now able to handle repairs to boots and shoes.

CHERRY & CO.
A. BIRMINGHAM & CO.
GARDEN SEEDS, POST CARDS, TOYS, &c.
Telephone Central 703.
Hongkong, July 17, 1925.

INTIMATIONS.**G. R. NOTICE.**

FIREWOOD will be on sale at the Government Firewood Depot, Praya East, near No. 2 Police Station as from Thursday, 26th August, daily from 9 a.m. to 12.30. Sales will be at a flat rate of seven cents per piece of about 5 catties. No person will be allowed to purchase more than 20 pieces at any one time.

N. L. SMITH,
Food Controller,
Hongkong, 18th August, 1925.

HONGKONG FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.

The Postponed Annual General Meeting of the above Association will be held (by kind permission of Lieut. Col. L. G. Bird) at Volunteer Headquarters on FRIDAY next, the 21st, at 5.30 p.m. sharp. All Clubs in membership are entitled to be represented by Two Delegates.

W. E. HOLLANDS,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer,
Hongkong, 17th August, 1925.

NOTICE.

It is proposed to form an Association of Subscribers to the Kowloon Tong Building Scheme and all subscribers are hereby invited to attend a Meeting to be held in Nam Tong Restaurant, China Building, on SATURDAY, the 22nd of August, 1925, at 3 p.m.

PETER WONG.
MOK LIN.
CHENG SO.

Subscribers to the Kowloon Tong Building Scheme, Hongkong, 17th August, 1925.

HONGKONG CRICKET LEAGUE.

THE Annual Meeting will be held in the Pavilion of the Hongkong Cricket Club (by kind permission) on MONDAY, 31st August, 1925, at 5.15 p.m.

H. OWEN HUGHES,
Hon. Secretary,
Hongkong, 18th August, 1925.

NOTICE.

WE have investors interested in sound shares at favourable rates. Offers invited by phone C.4630 or in writing to Small Investors, 10 Des Vaux Road.

THE AUCTIONEERING & BROKERING CO. LTD.
88, Duddell Street**FURNITURE AUCTIONS**
every

TUESDAY and FRIDAY
at 2.30 p.m.

L. E. S. HODGE,
Auctioneer

MRS. MOTONO.
ELECTRIC MASSAGE
81a, Wyndham St., 2nd Floor.

For your floor—furniture—and every domestic article requiring a stained and varnished finish.

"Wilheyela"

Oil Varnish Stains

Oaks—Walnut
Mahogany—Satinwood
Rosewood—Ebony Black
Can be applied by anyone.
Always reliable, never sticky.
Non-poisonous and durable.

AGENTS

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Alexandra Building Telephone Central 703.

Wilkinson, Heywood & Clark
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HIGH CLASS BOOTS AND SHOES

Made to order. ROYAL & CO.
No. 1, D'Aguilar Street.

TO LET.

TO LET.—No. 88, Orient Building (Top Floor), Coronation Road, Kowloon, suitable for European family. Apply to:—M. C. Chow, c/o Clark & Iu, 10, Des Vaux Road Central.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—One Five Seater "Studebaker" Car, Special Six, in excellent running order. Trial run can be arranged. Apply Box No 657 c/o "China Mail."

NOTICE.

Subscribers of the China Mail not receiving their paper every evening owing to the uncertain delivery as the result of the strike are invited to notify this office if they would prefer to purchase their paper from the street newsboys direct and have the amount credited to their account.

**THERAPION NO. 1
THERAPION NO. 2
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For New Patients Recovery.

100% Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Call or Write for Details.

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STRONG WORDS.

CRUISER BRISBANE'S VISIT.
"SHOCKING IGNORANCE."

When the withdrawal from Chinese waters of the Australian cruiser Brisbane followed a discussion in the Australian House of Representatives in the course of which members said the "efforts of the Chinese to free themselves from their imperialistic exploiters" deserved support and that the presence of the Brisbane might be taken as indicating Australian hostility, the natural conclusion was reached that the discussion and withdrawal represented cause and effect.

A Hongkong resident, signing himself "One Who Knows," wrote on the occasion of the withdrawal that the two were not connected and that it had been the intention in the first place for the Brisbane to leave when she did. If this was so, the Australian papers must be more in the dark than "One Who Knows" for indignant articles have appeared likening the withdrawal of the cruiser to a betrayal of the white race.

The "Bulletin" of Melbourne is very bitter about it. "Shocking ignorance of the actual conditions in China, it states, was displayed by members of the House of Representatives in the debate on whether the Australian cruiser Brisbane should stay in Chinese waters while trouble is there or run away. The worst exhibit came from that curious blend of pacifist and jingo W. M. Hughes, alleged by many admirers to be nothing short of a sage in international affairs.

Hughes drew what he called an analogy with a story of white harrukins assaulting a Chinese cabin-maker in Lonsdale Street and the Chinese Navy bombarding Melbourne in retribution. Actually no fighting whatever has taken place on Chinese territory. The original uproar began when Chinese operatives stormed and damaged a Japanese mill at the Shanghai International Settlement, which is under the jurisdiction of the foreign consular body.

The settlement was originally leased from the Chinese Government, and the foreigner was invited to come along and build a city. This he did to such purpose that the city is now bigger than Melbourne, and probably as prosperous. Some of its property is owned by Australians. With an eye on the Red objective, the Chinese want to collar the settlement without paying for the improvements, and they have been busily demonstrating along its borders and along the borders of all other foreign concessions which are similarly situated. The European guards only fired on the demonstrators when they heaved ironmongery supplied mainly by Soviet Russia, at white residents, or when they attempted to enter without knocking.

Another foolish utterance came from Anstey, the Labour lieutenant, who said that the disturbance was exclusively a struggle by the Mongol water-front workers to secure better conditions from the imperialistic exploiters of their labour, and that it was a movement deserving Australian support. Actually the foreign employer has as much chance of improving the conditions of the Celestial worker as Mr. Anstey has of bailing Burroughs dry with his hat. Owing to the fact that the international settlements have no power to impose a tariff, wages and hours of work inside the foreign pale are controlled by conditions in China proper. And conditions in China proper are beyond belief or Mr. Anstey's worst experience, and will remain so until the Chinese birth-rate is revised.

A rambling expression of muddled idealism was to be expected from Matthew Charlton, and it duly arrived. Matthew said that the way the British Government was going on, the League of Nations was doomed. There are more things likely to be doomed than the smiling League if the present challenge of Asia and Bolshevik Russia to the prestige of the white races is handled in the timid fashion recommended by Labour altruists. The Asiatic understands and appreciates nothing so well as firmness and consistency, and any faltering by the Powers now that the pot has boiled over will result in worse chaos.

The only reasonable utterance that brightened the Federal debate came from Donald Charles Cameron, the Digger M. H. R. of Brisbane, who, speaking from personal experience of China, in time of disturbance—experience to which neither the chameleonic Hughes nor any of the Labour pacifists can lay claim—emphasized the need of action such as had been taken. Australia has no interest in grabbing concessions or territory in other countries, but if she stands as she is supposed to do for the protection of

HOME CRICKET.

NEWS NOT SENT BY CABLE.

FIRST-CLASS AVERAGES.

The "China Mail" has already reported that Hobbs was the first batsman, in first-class cricket at Home, to get 1,000 runs this season, that Holmes (Yorkshire) was second and Hendren (Middlesex) third.

In the "Gentlemen v. Players" match which commenced on July 15, Hobbs made his 12th century of the season and brought his aggregate of runs up to 2,000 being the first to do so.

It has also been stated that Maurice Tate, who achieved such fame in Australia, was the first to take 100 wickets.

From the last mail it is now evident that Macaulay (Yorkshire) was the second bowler to get 100 wickets this season, closely followed by Parker (Gloucester), Root (Worcester) and MacDonald (the Australian who now plays for Lancashire) who all made up their bag on the same day.

Bowling Feats.

That day (July 4) was remarkable for bowling feats. Cook, a Warwickshire colt who seldom turns out for his county, played against Kent at Tunbridge Wells and took four wickets with four balls! He finished off the innings and his analysis read, 3 overs, 13 runs, 5 wickets.

Boyes of Hampshire performed the "hat trick" at Portsmouth, finishing off the innings of Surrey who rested Hobbs in that match and for whom Sandham stepped into the breach by making 133 out of a first innings total of 272.

The Averages.

Below will be found the leading averages up to and including July 4:

	Runs.	Avg.
Hobbs	1725	86.25
Holmes	1524	76.20
Hendren	1464	73.20
A. W. Carr	1042	65.12
Payton	752	62.66
Hallows	1300	56.52
Rhodes	751	53.64
Gunn (G.)	675	51.92
Sandham	1111	50.50
Woolley (F. E.)	906	50.33
Hearne	1000	50.00
Russell	919	48.36
K. S. Duleep Singhji	857	47.61
P. Perrin	665	47.50
H. J. Enthoven	650	46.42
Tyldesley (E.)	928	46.40
Sutcliffe	800	40.95
Batting.		
	W.	Avg.
Tate	123	10.39
Macaulay	101	12.82
Tyldesley (R.)	86	13.66
Freeman (A.P.)	74	14.21
Parker	104	14.37
Kilner	67	14.63
R. H. Bettington	37	14.72
Durston	60	16
J. C. White	60	16.21
Macdonald	104	16.64
Waddington	47	17.17
Barnatt	50	17.31
Kennedy	64	18.01

BAGS OF ARMS.

LARGE HAUL OF BEN LINE STEAMER.

SESSIONS CASE.

A fireman on a Ben Line boat appeared at adjourned Criminal Sessions proceedings this morning on a charge of being concerned with the introduction on board of over thirty revolvers and many thousand rounds of ammunition.

According to the evidence the prisoner was caught by revenue officers on a heap of coals below one of the bunkers. He had bags of arms in his possession and above, another man had been found stowing away bags containing revolvers and ammunition (he will be charged this afternoon). The case of the Crown was that the first prisoner had been working in conjunction with the man above and it was further strengthened by his own statement in which he alleged that No. 1 fireman (the prisoner who will appear this afternoon) was "carrying them for another man."

The firemen who was charged this morning denied complicity in the case against him and will also be concluded this afternoon.

He is considered one of the Radicals but he is not one of those who first espoused Bolshevism. Owing to a split with others in the party he lived at Excelsior Terrace (off Robinson Road) Hongkong, in retirement for some time till Dr. Sun invited him to return as Chief Counsellor. Recently and in his present position it can be presumed that he will act in unison with the Red leaders who now dominate the party.

Other well-known leaders who

ADMIRAL'S MISSION.

(Continued from page 1.)

Further light has now been thrown on the report. As will be seen in the cable above, Canton has evidently decided that foreign intercourse is necessary and that permission has now been given to trade with non-Chinese, with the exception of Britain and Japan.

Example of Russia.

"The days are passed when any foreign Power can say to China 'We want to trade and you must do this and do that,'" said a gentleman to a "China Mail" reporter. "Sixty or seventy years ago anybody could tell China that certain ports had to be opened but international jealousy and the integrity of China question had put a stop to all this. If Canton did not want to trade with Britain and Japan she could still observe Conventions but attain her object by exerting pressure internally when merchants and labourers would have to refrain from intercourse with nationals and/or ships of these two Powers."

"Take the case of Russia," he continued. "When the Soviet rose to power they decided to have nothing to do with Britain and other Powers. Did Britain force her trade on Russia? No, but in

the course of a few years Russia found that she needed British manufactures and products and only a month ago the Russian Trade Mission is reported to have brought along orders for £15,000,000 worth of machinery, etc."

"It will be the same with Canton or any other part of China. The Chinese trader will find that they will have to obey the militarists,

but in the course of time both the politicians and the public will need

British and Japanese goods and they will find means to trade."

What Will America Do?

Yet another opinion expressed was that the possibilities of open rupture were very remote. Conditions were so complicated and, as in the case of the Boxer trouble, it would have to be a case of "the allies" and not any one of two Powers. It would be the United States that most of the Powers

would look to for a lead. America

being the creditor of almost all the interested nations. This speaker's view was that America did not

want war nor did any of the European Powers. The only remedy

lay in returning tit for tat, by

replying with an economic blockade for an economic boycott.

THE MAN ON THE SPOT.

Vice-Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair, K.C.B., C.B., M.V.O., J.F., D.L., appointed to succeed Vice-Admiral Sir Alan Everett, K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., as Commander-in-Chief on the China Station, was born in 1867, second son of the late Captain John Hobhouse Inglis Alexander, R.N., C.B.

He married in 1892 Miss Julia Margaret, third daughter of the late Colonel Charles Vereker Hamilton Campbell, of Netherplace, Ayrshire. He assumed the additional name of Sinclair in 1894.

He entered the Navy in 1879,

was in command of Osborne Naval

College from 1905-1908; com-

manded the Third Light Cruiser

Squadron from 1917-1920; was

Admiral-Superintendent at Port-

smouth Dockyard 1920-1922.

Sir Edwyn served throughout

the European War and was pre-

sent at the battle of Jutland in

1916, (despatches twice, K.C.B.,

C.B., Croix de Guerre, 3rd Class

Order of St. Vladimir, with

swords).

Sir Edwyn was promoted to

Vice-Admiral in 1922.

Sir Edwyn and Lady Alexander-

Sinclair have two sons and one

daughter. They have two homes

in Scotland—one at Dunbeath

Castle, Caithness; and the other

at South Barr, Renfrew.

WHO THEY ARE.

According to the telegram Admiral Sinclair is not expected to make any representation to Canton. If he did, he would, presumably, make them to Mr. Hu Han-min (Wu Hon-man, in Cantonese) who was acting Generalissimo during the late Dr. Sun Yat-sen's absence and who is now Foreign Minister in the Kuomintang Commission of Government.

He is considered one of the Radicals but he is not one of those who first espoused Bolshevism.

Owing to a split with others in the party he lived at Excelsior Terrace (off Robinson Road) Hongkong, in retirement for some time till Dr. Sun invited him to return as Chief Counsellor. Recently and in his present position it can be presumed that he will act in unison with the Red leaders who now dominate the party.

Other well-known leaders who

putators of no financial standing, thereby curbing speculation, which, after all, is the object of the present Commission of Enquiry.

Enclosing my card,

Yours, etc.,

S.W.H.

Hongkong, August 20.

FRENCH BANK BONDS.

(To the Editor of the China Mail).

Sir,—Please allow me space in

your paper to ask when will the

Banque Industrielle de Chine

issue the Bonds to its creditors.

Under the Settlement Scheme,

creditors were given to be

issued to them in August and the

first dividend was due for pay-

ment in last July.

An announcement in the news-

paper by the local Manager of the

said Banque will undoubtedly be

very much welcomed by all con-

cerned.

Enclosing my card,

Yours, etc.,

CREDITOR.

Hongkong, August 19.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSES.

WANTED.—Furnished House, or Flat, Middle Levels preferred, Reply Box No. 673 c/o "China Mail."

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GODOWN

at rear of Stephen's Building, Des Vaux Road Central. Floor space 21 ft. x 23 ft.

ONE OFFICE

on portion of third floor of Stephen's Building aforesaid opening on to Des Vaux Road Central and Pottinger Street. Large, airy and well lighted.

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MAIL AND PASSENGER SERVICES.
STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND
QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA,
EGYPT, EUROPE, &c.

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(Under Contract with H.M. Government).

S. S	TONS	FROM HONGKONG (ABOUT)	DESTINATION
"MACEDONIA"	11,069	2nd Aug. at Noon 29th Aug.	Marseilles and London
"KIDDERPORE"	5,334	Miles, Cava Blanca, London & Antwerp & Hamburg	
"VARUNDA"	16,827	5th Sept.	
"JETPORE"	5,818	11th Sept.	Saporo, Pusan, Colbo & Bombay
"HYBER"	9,114	19th Sept.	Port Sudan, Marseilles, London and Antwerp & Hull
"NAGPORE"	5,283	23rd Sept.	Singapore and Bom'ay
"SAHARA"	9,118	3rd Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"SOUDAN"	8,698	15th Oct.	Spore, Pusan, Colbo & Bombay
"MALVA"	10,941	17th Oct.	Marseilles & London
"ICELIA"	8,812	20th Oct.	Saporo, Pusan, Colbo & Bombay
"KHIVA"	9,136	31st Oct.	Marseilles, London, and Antwerp
"MANTRA"	10,902	14th Nov.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp
"BALYAN"	9,144	28th Nov.	Saporo, Pusan, Colbo & Bombay
"KASHMIR"	8,983	10th Dec.	Marseilles and London
"MOREA"	10,911	17th Dec.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"KASHGAR"	9,005	26th Dec. 1926	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"MACEDONIA"	11,089	2nd Jan.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
"HYBER"	9,114	9th Jan.	
"DETA"	8,697	4th Feb.	Saporo, Pusan, Colbo & Bombay
"MALWA"	10,941	6th Feb.	Marseilles and London

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

"TILAWA"	10,006	19th Sept.	Singapore, Pusan & Calcutta
"TAKLIWA"	7,938	26th Sept.	Singapore, Pusan & Calcutta
"TAIREA"	7,938	2nd Oct.	Singapore, Pusan & Calcutta

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

"TANDA"	6,968	2nd Sept.	Kuala, Sandakan Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne
"ARAFURA"	6,000	7th Oct.	
"ST. ALBANS"	4,644	4th Nov.	
"TANDA"	5,916	28th Dec.	
"ARAFURA"	6,000	8th Jan.	
"SOUDAN"	4,500	2nd Feb.	
"ST. ALBANS"	4,500	3rd Feb.	

"S.S. "Tanda" will also call at Iloilo and Port Sibuan.

The E. & A. S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Cele

Amboina, Tawau, Durian, or other ports en route as indumentum offers.

Frequent communications from Australasia with the following:-

The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand
Vancouver, San Francisco etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Steam Services to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers to Southampton and London
via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

"GAMBOPPA"	5,277	2nd Aug.	Kyo, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
"TILAWA"	10,008	1st Sept.	Kobe
"KARMA"	9,128	4th Sept.	Osaka, Moji and Kobe
"TANDA"	7,933	7th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ARAFURA"	8,000	10th Sept.	Moji, Kyo and Yokohama
"SALWA"	10,941	13th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"SOUDAN"	8,698	16th Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"KHIVA"	9,135	2nd Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"SICILIA"	9,135	5th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,603	10th Oct.	Moji, Kyo and Yokohama
"TANDA"	10,941	17th Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ARAFURA"	9,144	1st Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"TANDA"	8,698	7th Nov.	Moji, Kyo and Yokohama
"SOUDAN"	13,911	14th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"KHIVA"	8,285	14th Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"KASHGAR"	9,025	22th Nov.	do
"SOUDAN"	5,698	23th Nov.	Shanghai and Kobe
"MACEDONIA"	11,058	18th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ARAFURA"	6,000	26th Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"HYBER"	9,114	1926	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"MALWA"	10,941	9th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"DETA"	8,697	9th Jan.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
"ST. ALBANS"	4,603	9th Jan.	Moji, do, and Yokohama

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

Passengers for Bangkok must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting for the on-coming steamer.

All cables are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.

Cables Messing not more than 14 ft. x 1 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the

Steamer's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further information, Passage Rates, Freight, Handbook, etc., apply to

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CHY LOONG

Newly Built
Tug and Salvage Steamer
Dredger
Dredging & Dredging
Dredging & Cleaning
Dredging & Cleaning
Dredging & Cleaning
Dredging & Cleaning

SEDITIOUS.

CHINESE YOUTH FINED
\$100.

A LYING DOCUMENT.

Possession of a seditious document led to a Chinese youth being charged before Mr. S. B. Daberry at the Central Magistrate yesterday.

Mr. Lee d'Almada, for the defence, said that it was for His Worship to decide whether the document was in a legal sense seditious. Counsel admitted that the document was violently anti-British, anti-Japanese and anti-foreign. It was, he said, an endeavour on the part of the author, whoever he might be, to place the position before his nationals by stating what had occurred at Shanghaui and Shantung, although the paper contained a lot of lies.

Mr. Lee d'Almada asked His Worship to take a lenient view of the offence, as the accused came from Macao and was on his way to Manila, where he had regular occupation.

A statement made by Sub-Inspector R. Shannon that the accused attempted to snatch the document after it had been handed to him by a sergeant of the search party was admitted by the defence.

His Worship held that the document was seditious, and imposed a fine of \$100.

A MOOT POINT.

At the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday, the Sanitary Department presented Mr. Rohin and Mr. C. E. Marshall, occupants of two flats at No. 1 Carnavon Road, for failing to provide proper dust bins.

It was pointed out that there had apparently been some misunderstanding on the part of the accused in assuming that the dust bins should have been provided by Mrs. Ogilvie, who was the principal tenant of the house and sub-let the flats furnished.

The Magistrate registered a caution, remarking that it was to the public good that proper receptacles should be provided.

QUICK WORK.

The silk shipped per s.s. President Grant, which sailed from this port at 8 p.m. on July 20, arrived at New York at 11 a.m. on August 13, having been 23½ calendar days in transit.

"For you I had spells of severe head

ache from which I could get no relief, not even when lying down," says Mr.

Pieters. "The headache continued for

day; my sleep was broken and restless,

and I could hardly look at food. I was

so ill. My liver and kidneys also

were affected and for days at a time

pains in the back prevented me from

doing any work. I tried many remedies,

but got no relief until I tried Dr.

Williams' Pink Pills; they completely

cured me."

Chemists everywhere sell Dr. Willi-

ms' Pink Pills, or set it to any address, post

free, at \$1.50 per box, \$1 for bottle,

by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.

60 Kiangsu Road, Shanghai.

For further particulars, apply to

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Machinery Department.

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RUBBER BOOM.

LONDON MARKET
STEADY.

CABLES FROM HOME.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. have re-

ceived a cablegram from their Lon-

don Agents stating that Sterling

Rubber shares are buoyant and

that the tone of the market is

steady.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. London

Agents have also cabled offering to

buy Hongkong (Selangor) Rubbers

at 34/- stock, which is a Hong-

kong Registered Company.

Messrs. Carroll Bros. have also

received by mail advices dated July

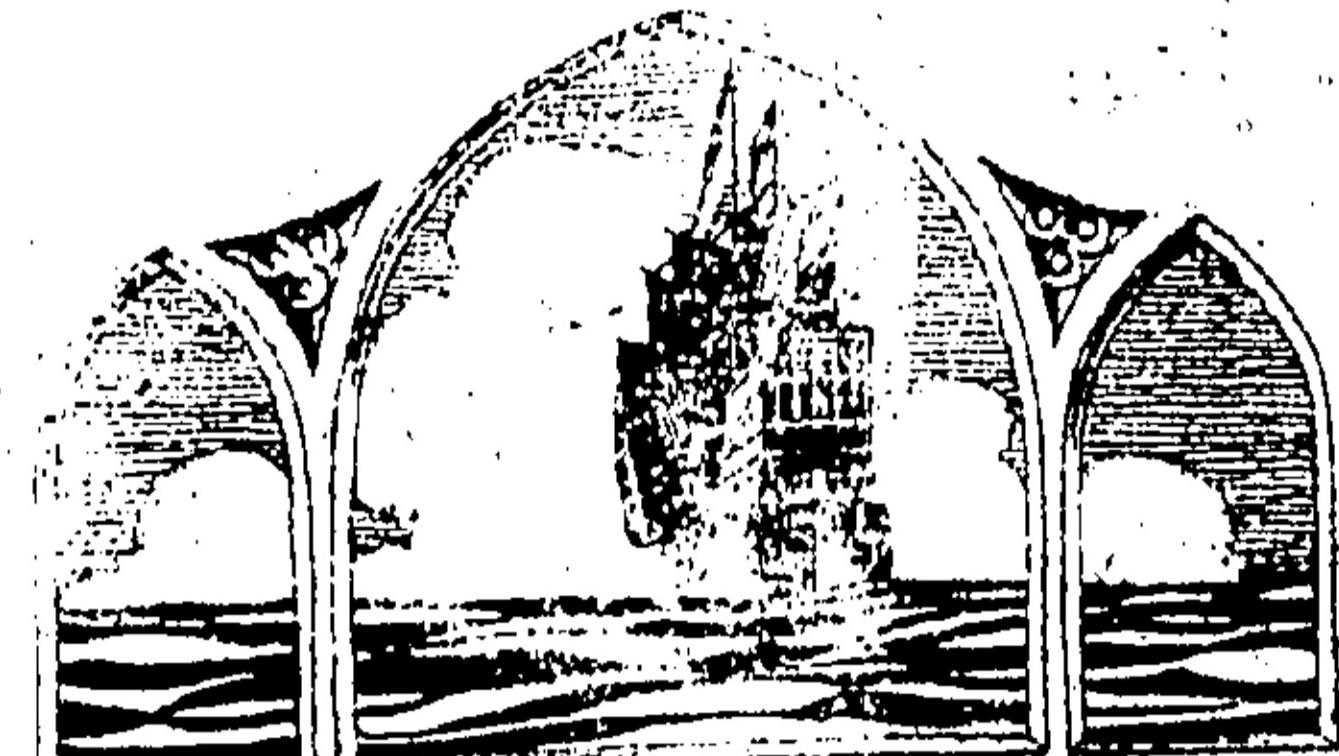
11 under the heading of "Rubber

YEE SANG FAT CO.

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BARGAIN
House
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BARGAIN PRICE

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Opportunity Does Not Wait.



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TEL. C. 3749. 2nd FLOOR, POWELL'S BUILDING.

KAIPING HOUSEHOLD COAL

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Delivered to Peak District (above Bowen Road), \$26.00 per ton.
Delivered to Bowen Road and Lower Levels, \$24.00 per ton.
Delivered to Kowloon, \$25.00 per ton.

Orders should be sent in writing at least 24 hours before the Coal is required.
All orders must be accompanied by Cash, Cheque, or Compradores Order payable to "The Kailan Mining Administration."

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.

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YING MING STUDIO

Queen's Road Central

(Official Photographers of the "China Mail.")

PUN YICK CHO.
LAND & ESTATE AGENTS
Telephone Central No. 911-1967.
35, Queen's Road Central.

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE AND TOM LEE INTL.

President Coolidge received at the White House and heartily congratulated Tom Lee, colored hero of the Norman excursion boat disaster in the Mississippi River, which occurred as Lee was passing in a motor boat. He saved nearly thirty people.

MISS MARGARET DALE INTL.

"Men made me rob," said pretty Miss Margaret Dale when arrested on a charge of holding up taxicab drivers. "I tried to find work, but the men wanted too much and paid too little," she said.

**Above: LORD BIRKENHEAD & W.M. JARDINE.
Below: MR. & MRS. DAVID M. MILTON.**

Lord Birkenhead in a London address said that England has no desire to imitate the United States in curbing rum running. America's Secretary of Agriculture W. M. Jardine holds that motor trucks will never be a serious competitor of railroads. David Meriwether Milton and his bride, the former Abby Rockefeller, granddaughter of the world's richest man, shocked Paris by their economy on their honeymoon there.

PAUL COLLINS INTL.

Piloted by Paul Collins (on right) the first plane in the new overnight air mail service between Chicago and New York arrived at Hadley Field, New Brunswick.

BY GOLLY! I MUST GET THAT CAT BACK FROM CASEY. WHAT A FOOL I WOZ TO GIVE HIM THAT PRIZE WINNER.

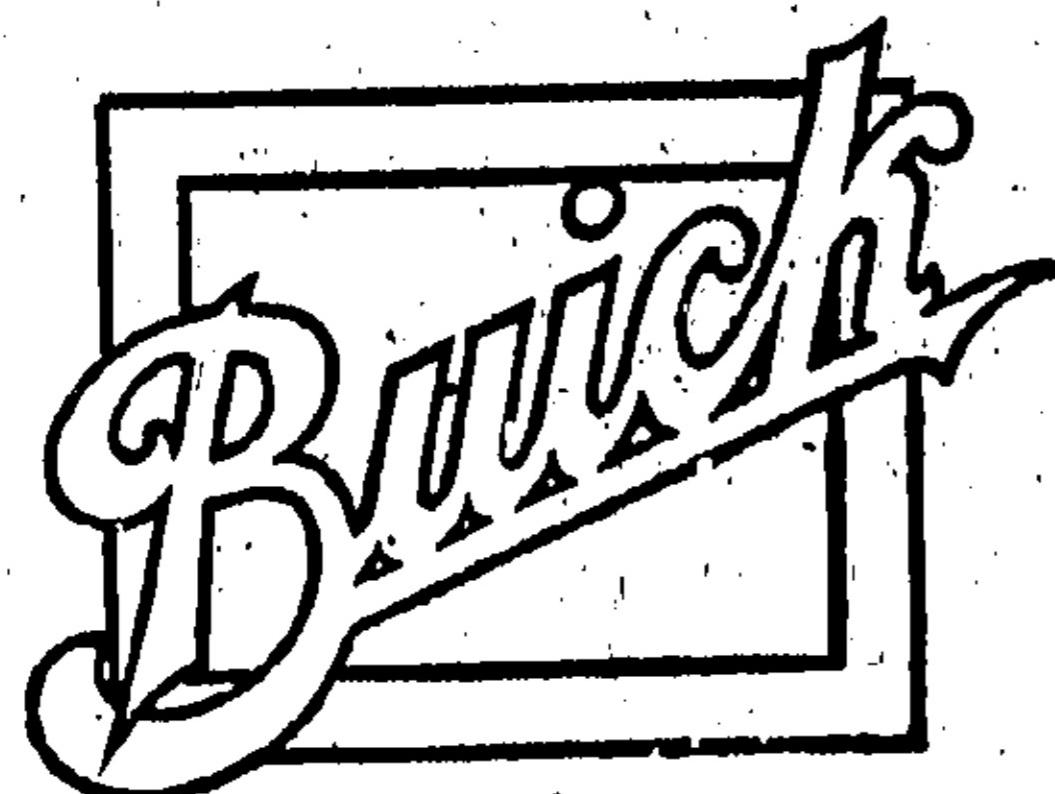
HELLO DUGAN. ISN'T THAT THE PRIZE WINNIN' CAT OF CASEY'S?

YOU SAID A MOUSE TRAP FULL.

THAT WUZ NICE FOR DUGAN TO GIVE ME THE CAT FOR ONE HUNDRED BENS.

WHAT DOES IT SAY, MA?

MR. CASEY'S PRIZE WINNIN' CAT HAS BEEN STOLEN AND MR. CASEY IS GOING TO HAVE THE CROOK PUT IN JAIL WHEN CAUGHT.



What indicates best what people think of their motor cars?

Whether they buy another of the same make when they come to buy a new one. More than 75% of the Buicks built each year are purchased by former Buick owners.

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BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION
PRESERVED BY
M. Y. SAN & CO., LTD.

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*
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Sole Agents: MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA

CHINA FERMENT.

THE REAL CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

CURIOS BACKGROUNDS.

The well-informed "Svensk Tidskrift" supplies a curious background of Chinese politics to the recent outbreak of disorder at Shanghai, Canton, and elsewhere:

The trouble began when the Armenian, Karachan, in August, 1923, went to Peking as the plenipotentiary of Soviet Russia. In a manifesto setting forth the aims of his mission, Karachan declared that China was Russia's chief ally in Asia, and that the two nations must fight side by side in the great world-conflict. "Russia," he said, "had emerged victorious from the struggle with the Imperialist Powers, which wished to enslave it; China was still engaged in the same struggle." These sentences tell on receptive ground in the minds of the youth in Peking, in Tientsin, in Hankow, wherever, in short, the liberation of China from "Foreign Imperialism" and Capitalism" was being passionately discussed.

The Soviet Government and the Third International present themselves everywhere in Asia as an Asiatic bulwark against the Imperialism of the Western powers. The Asiatic face of Communist propaganda is nationalistic, anti-foreign, anti-Western, and this gospel is easily understood by all the peoples of Asia. Marxism on the other hand interests them but little. Eighty to ninety per cent. of China's four hundred million inhabitants till their own ancestral fields, and the proletarian mentality is un-Chinese. Resistance to Europe, to "Imperialism" to the "Jesus-religion" they understand.

Less than a year after Karachan's arrival on May 31, 1924, Mr. Wellington Koo, the pro-American and pro-English Foreign Minister in the Peking Government, was forced, much against his will, to sign and get the President, Tsao Kun, to ratify the new Russo-Chinese treaty, drafted by Karachan and C. T. Wang, which, amongst other things, gave full *de jure* recognition to the Soviet régime. A couple of months later, Karachan, now ambassador, and the only diplomat of that rank in Peking, was installed in the old Russian legation, and sat the implacable representative of a new, consciously hostile Asia in the very citadel of the old Western diplomacy, openly adopting the attitude of leader and protector of "Young China."

Meanwhile, China was in anarchy. The civil war (1924-5) had no definite result—but constituted a serious setback to the influence of the Anglo-Saxon Powers. The Manchurian dictator, Tjiang Tso-lin, in Mukden, the most capable and powerful of the aspirants to supremacy in China, with close relations with Tokyo as well as with Moscow, won a comparative victory, banished the pro-English and pro-American Tsao Kun and Wu Peifu, and placed his own man, Tuan Tji-ju, as Minister in Peking. There, however, he must reckon with Feng Ju-hsiang, who always plays an ambiguous part. Feng is now probably hand-in-glove with Moscow, and perhaps ready at a suitable moment to declare himself on the side of "Young China" and the "Communists" against the "plutocrat" and "imperialist" Tjiang.

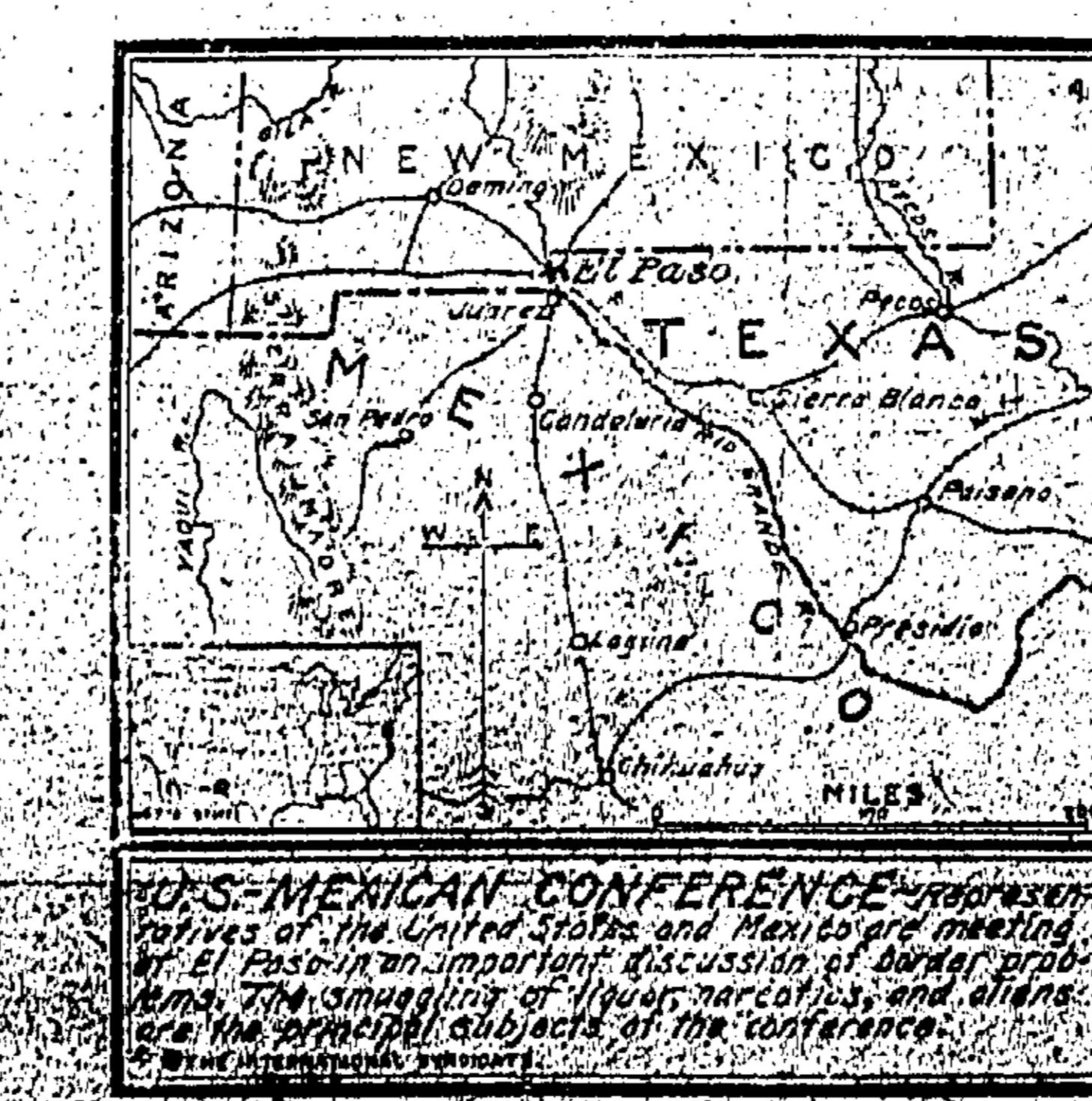
It has also been reported that she insisted on a settlement for the expected baby of between £20,000 and £100,000. The name to be given the child is Charles Spencer.

Visitor (to daughter of the house): "Is your father at home?"

Daughter: "Yes; he is down the garden feeding the pigs. You'll be able to tell him, he has got a straw hat on!"

Niece: "Well, Aunt Betty, I'm just off for a fortnight at Llanfechellanduino."

Aunt (somewhat deaf): "My dear, I do wish you would use shorter and simpler words in your conversation."



ing Lenin's gospel of liberation for the oppressed peoples of Asia, and particularly China. Sun was the Paul of the new Asiatic religion.

Mr. Bland's Views.

Mr. J. O. P. Bland, whom there is no more authoritative writer, contributes to the "English Review" a frank article on the disorders in China. In it he says:

To ascribe the present disorders to the "growing national consciousness" of the Chinese people, as certain worthy Professors and political idealists are doing, reveals a very remarkable ignorance, not only of the actual condition of affairs in China but of the whole record of the new class of politicians and officials produced by Western education during the past fifty years. For where, in all the record of its parliamentary and other activities, can its apologists find the slightest evidence of sincere political convictions directed towards any definite, national purpose of constructive reform? The Chinese have always been patriotic, in the sense that they cherish a deep pride of race, and can easily be aroused to swift manifestations of contempt and hatred for the foreigner; but everything in the history of the country since the proclamation of the Republic amply justifies the assertion that, if China is ever to develop a genuine, coherent national consciousness, and to take her rightful place in the comity of nations, it will not be; it cannot be, under the leadership of the hybrid class which Western learning has produced. This class has conclusively proved the impossibility of bringing its education to bear with any good result upon the realities of life and the real needs of the Chinese people. Yet out of the present strife and turmoil one good result, at least, should come. The irreconcilable Chauvinism displayed by the students of the Westernized universities of Peking and Shanghai should give the *coup de grâce* to the proposal that the balance of the Boxer indemnity should be spent on producing more of this explosive material, and serve to divert the money to philanthropic purposes of a kind really helpful to the Chinese people, such as river conservancy directed towards the prevention of devastating floods.

No Isolated Action.

It was hinted in the "Sunday Times" this week that the Government may be contemplating the immediate rupture of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Government on the ground that the undertaking against hostile propaganda as contained in the Anglo-Russian Trade Agreement has been violated so far as events in China are concerned. Some premature if not wholly unnecessary excitement has been created in some quarters by the prominence given to what amounts on close examination to little more than speculation.

What is true is that the Government is in possession of steadily accumulating evidence of Bolshevik intrigue in China and in other parts of Asia against British interests. It is, however, understood to be the policy of the Government not to take any isolated action against the Soviet Government, but only to take part in concerted action on the part of a group of Powers whose interests are being similarly menaced.

Newspaper correspondents were unable to find the happy father, who is reported to have set up all night, and then, overjoyed and excited, to have hidden himself in his studio.

There have recently been rumors that Chaplin and his young wife were not completely happy in their married life; but sentimental Hollywood is hoping that the new-comer will end difficulties.

Mrs. Chaplin (née Lila Grey) appeared in "The Kid," and was a leading lady last year when she married in Mexico. She gave her age as 19, but it was later admitted that she was only 16.

It has also been reported that she

insisted on a settlement for the

expected baby of between £20,000

and £100,000. The name to be

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conversation."

RUSSIA & BRITAIN.

RUMOURS OF POSSIBLE BREAK.

CHINA THE CAUSE.

It has been widely hinted that there is a possibility that Great Britain may break off relations with Soviet Russia owing to Russian anti-British activities in foreign countries, and especially in China, says the "Manchester Guardian" of July 10.

In the House of Commons on Monday Mr. Chamberlain, the Foreign Minister, said: "The situation is of a character that needs to be watched from day to day, and the Government must have liberty to act for the protection of British interests." With regard to the allegations that Soviet agents are stirring up hostility towards Great Britain, Mr. Chamberlain said they had evidence which it would be inexpedient to publish, in addition to the "sufficient grounds" as he regarded them, contained in the speech of the Soviet Ambassador in Peking.

It is announced that Mr. Rakovsky, who has of late represented Russian diplomatic interests in Great Britain, has left Moscow by aeroplane for London. This is regarded as a hopeful sign for continued friendliness between the two countries.

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In this matter the Government

has evolved a composite policy on the whole question of what is now

happening in the East. There is

no intention on the part of the

Government to take direct action

either against China or against

Russia. The Government is pre-

pared to take part in an inter-

national intervention in China on

condition that the United States

and France, among other Powers,

are prepared to join in, and there

is, a corresponding condition

attached to the Government's

policy in regard to Russia.

It is said that certain members

of the Government who are well-

known to be susceptible to Russian

propaganda are in favour of

isolated and immediate diplomatic

action against Russia, but it

appears not to be the case that

they have yet had decisive

influence on policy. To the

students of diplomacy, the

deplorable thing is that the pre-

sent Government's attitude to-

wards Russia, which was exem-

plified when the MacDonald Draft

Treaty with Russia was torn up

and a somewhat hasty Note was

sent to Moscow on the subject,

led to results which can hardly

be surprising. Mr. MacDonald's

policy was to prevent unfriendly-

ness, even if he could not conclude

a treaty of a practical kind.

Those who understand the

Russian temperament best have

always regretted the attitude

which the present Government

decided to adopt towards Russia,

an attitude which could not fail

to be regarded in Moscow as pro-

activistic. It is not, however, fair

to assume that the Government is

about to plunge into any unwise

and precipitate action against the

Soviet Government. There is, on

the contrary, a desire to postpone

any such action till the last

moment in the hope that it may

not be necessary.

"How did you get that idea?" asked the magistrate.

"The prisoner hit me with some tomatoes, your worship."

"But surely tomatoes would not give you an eye like that?"

"Sure, and they did, sir. That was in a fight."

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